



NEW Water Update

Municipal & Industrial Partner Meeting

March 26, 2026



Today's Agenda

- **Executive Director Updates**
- **Project Updates**
- **Recent Sewer Leaks**
- **PFAS Monitoring Update**

Executive Director Updates

- Brown County Trail Update
 - Estimating Fall construction
 - Reinforcing partnerships and educating about DPF
- 2027 Budget Development
 - Development underway
 - June: flow & load projections
- Strategic Plan Development
 - Thank you to those who contributed to Strategic Plan Survey in February



Project Updates

East River Interceptor Renewal Project and Downtown Interceptor Renewal Project

- Existing interceptor pipes have been in service since the 1930s
- Deterioration of concrete pipe and manholes
- Opportunity to significantly extend the service life of this infrastructure
- \$31M capital cost





Project Updates

East River Interceptor Renewal Project & Downtown Interceptor Renewal Project

Construction Status

- East River Interceptor (ERI) Pipe and manhole rehabilitation work has been completed, currently working on abandonment of decommissioned interceptor.
- East Fox River Interceptor (EFR) – Insertion pit in progress on Adams Street, expect pipe on-site in mid-April
- Fox River Crossing Interceptor (FRC) – Constructing insertion pit

Sewer Leaks

- ERI Renewal Project
- February 12, 2026
 - Six locations along temporary conveyance system
 - System was out of service
- February 24, 2026
 - One location along temporary conveyance system





Project Updates

GBF North Plant Clarifier Rehabilitation

- (4) Primary Clarifiers
- (8) Final Clarifiers
- Existing equipment in service continuously since 1975
- Experiencing drive failures, thinning metal in rake mechanism, floating weir troughs
- \$41M capital costs

- Status – Construction ongoing
- Professional Engineer's evaluation of the clarifier has been completed

Project Updates

GBF Thickening Improvements

- Project includes gravity thickener mechanisms, gravity belt thickeners, and supporting systems
- \$28M capital costs
- Status – Construction ongoing





Project Updates

DPF Pumping and Headworks

- Existing equipment is undersized and has reached the end of its useful life
- Scope includes:
 - Replace screens and screenings washer/compactors
 - Replace influent pumps/increase capacity
 - Replace grit removal/washing equipment
- \$24M capital cost
- Status – Construction ongoing

Project Updates

Construction Underway	Capital Estimate
GBF North Plant Clarifier Rehabilitation	\$39.1M
GBF Thickening Improvements	\$26.5M
DPF Pumping & Headworks	\$24.3M
East River Interceptor Rehabilitation	\$13.5M
Downtown Interceptors Renewal	\$18.1M
Design Underway	
GBF Pumping and Headworks	\$57M - \$97M
East River Lift Station and Force Main	\$12M - \$14M
GBF Misc. Pumping and High Strength Waste Improvements	\$4.5M to \$7M
GBF Hot Oil Economizer Replacement	\$3.5M to \$5M

Ongoing uncertainty related to inflation, consultant and contractor availability, and supply chain impacts.



PFAS – What are PFAS?

PFAS, or per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, are a group of human-made compounds that don't break down easily in nature. They're ubiquitous, present in a variety of products, including cookware, firefighting foam, and stain-resistant clothing. They have been linked to low birth weight, cancer, and liver disease, and have been shown to reduce vaccines' effectiveness.

What are PFAS?

PFAS are a group of human-made chemicals used for decades in numerous products.

- stain-resistant carpet & fabric
- non-stick cookware
- firefighting foam
- fast food packaging

Products that **may contain PFAS.**

Industrial, commercial, and domestic wastewater may contain PFAS, ranging from trace to higher concentrations. Wastewater treatment plants, such as NEW Water, were not traditionally designed to remove PFAS from wastewater.



Regulatory Status

- Currently, PFAS sampling is voluntary for NEW Water.
- EPA is planning a POTW Influent Study, which would likely require POTWs, including NEW Water, to collect limited PFAS samples from influent, effluent, biosolids, and industries.
- NEW Water's future WPDES permit will require sampling, which will inform the need for a Pollution Minimization Plan and permit limits.
- In August 2022, surface water standards for PFOA and PFOS went into effect in Wisconsin.

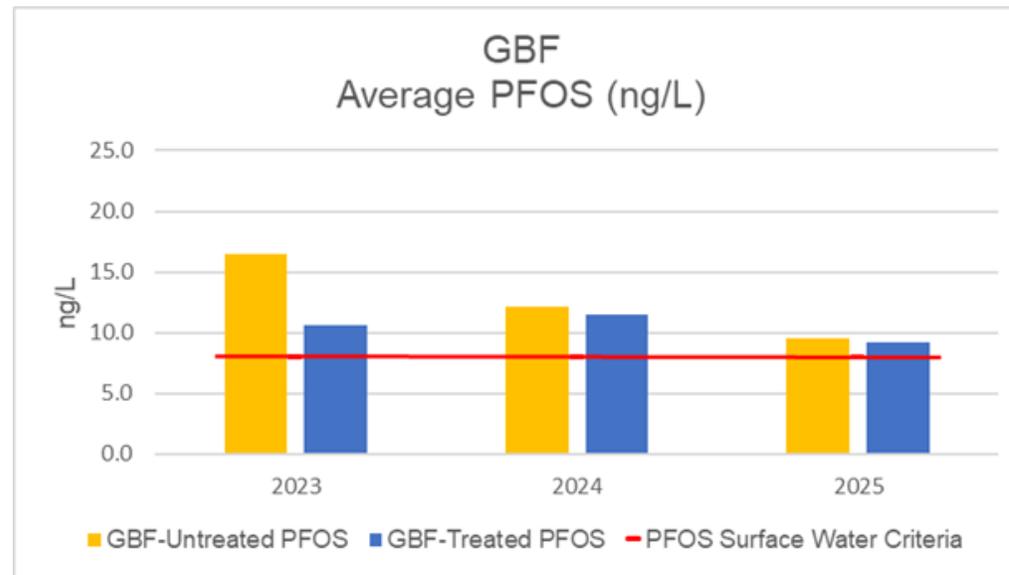
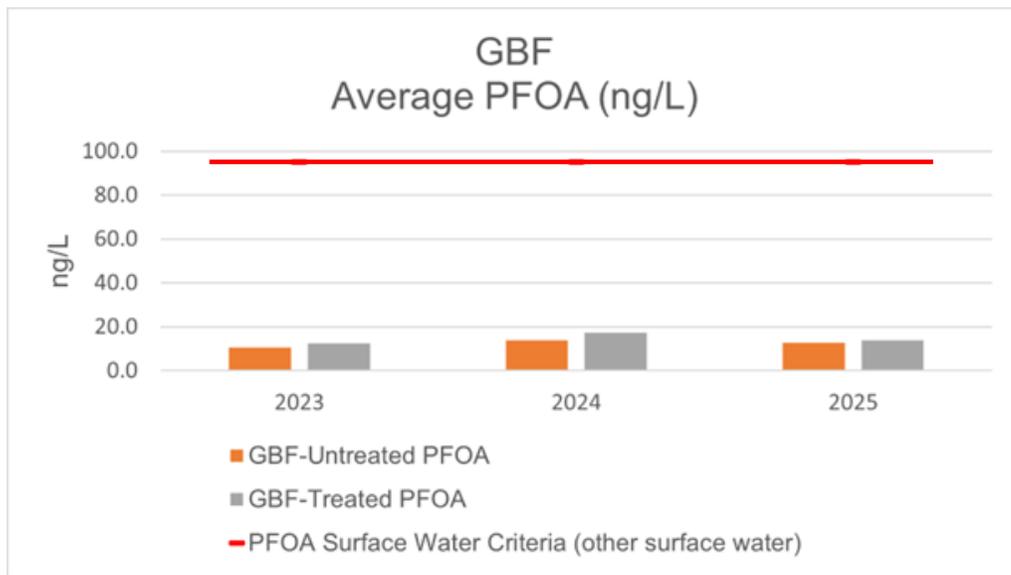


2025 Monitoring Plan

- GBF and DPF untreated and treated
- Major service area contribution locations
- Residential / commercial background locations
- Industries that are known or suspected PFAS sources based on:
 - NEW Water survey results
 - General industry knowledge
 - EPA and WDNR guidance

Sampling frequency: 2X or 4X per year, depending on location.

2023 - 2025 Green Bay Facility Results



Notes:

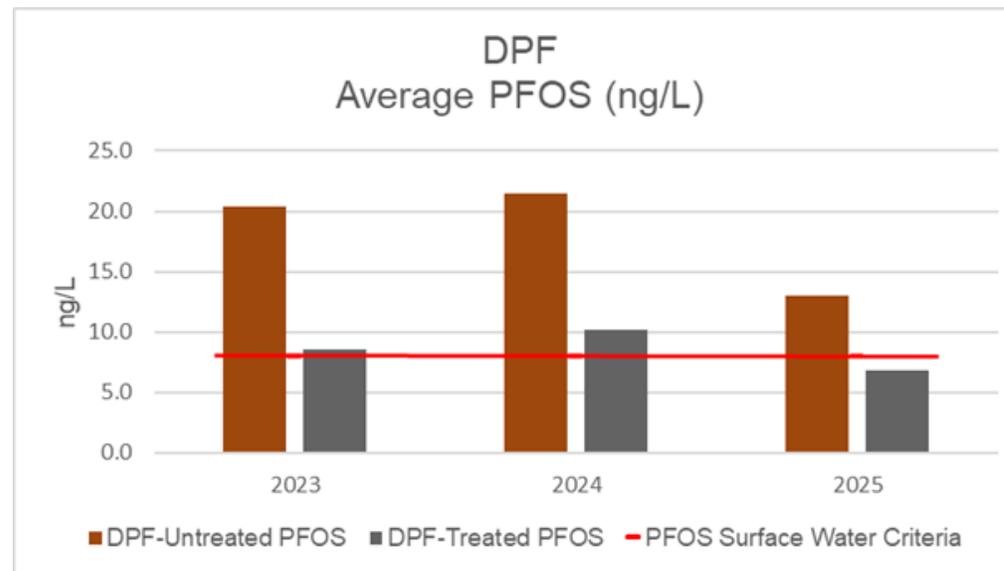
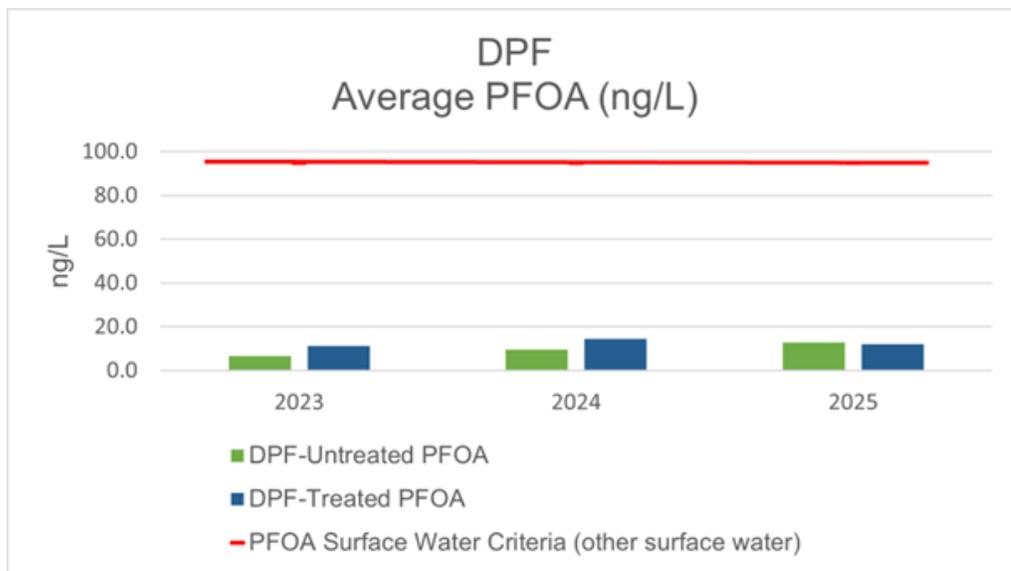
Results in ng/L which is equivalent to parts per trillion (ppt)

Analytical Methods Used:

- 2023 samples were analyzed using Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 537 (modified)
- 2024 samples were analyzed using EPA Method 1633
- 2025 samples were analyzed using EPA Method 1633A

*NEW Water is not currently subject to PFAS surface water criteria.

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2025 Collection System Results

Collection System – 2025 Data								
Parameter	Major Sewershed Basins**	Commercial/ Residential Areas	Paper Mill Industry	Metal Finishing Industry	Car Wash Product Manufacturers (soap and wax)	Industrial Laundry	Landfills	Additional Facilities/ Industries
PFOA (ppt)	<2.0 - 63	1.9 – 3.8	0.7 - 260	1.1 – 14	0.4 - 61	5.2 – 9.6	1200 - 2000	0.4 - 89
PFOS (ppt)	<1.4 - 48	<1.4 – 7.5	<0.23 - 21	38 – 22,000	<5.3 - <280	8.8 - 15	130 - 590	11 - 69

Notes:

Results in ng/L which is equivalent to parts per trillion (ppt)

Analytical Methods Used:

- *2025 samples were analyzed using EPA Method 1633A*

**NEW Water is not currently subject to PFAS surface water criteria.*

***Sewershed basins includes major service area contribution locations (major interceptors).*



Next Steps

- Share 2025 results summary on NEW Water's website
- Execute 2026 monitoring plan
- Continue to partner with industries on pollution prevention strategies
- Continue to monitor and participate in regulatory and legislative efforts
- Continue to focus on PFAS source identification and reduction including within its own utility, supply chain, and other potential uses.
- Communicate updates and information with NEW Water's partners and audiences

Questions?

For more information about NEW Water's PFAS Plan of Action, check out our website: [PFAS \(newwater.us\)](https://newwater.us)

Protecting our most valuable resource, water





*Thank you for partnering to
protect our most valuable
resource, water*

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